

Methane — Why to Observe? — How to Observe?

The Franco-German Climate Mission **MERLIN**

A. Friker, DLR Space Administration



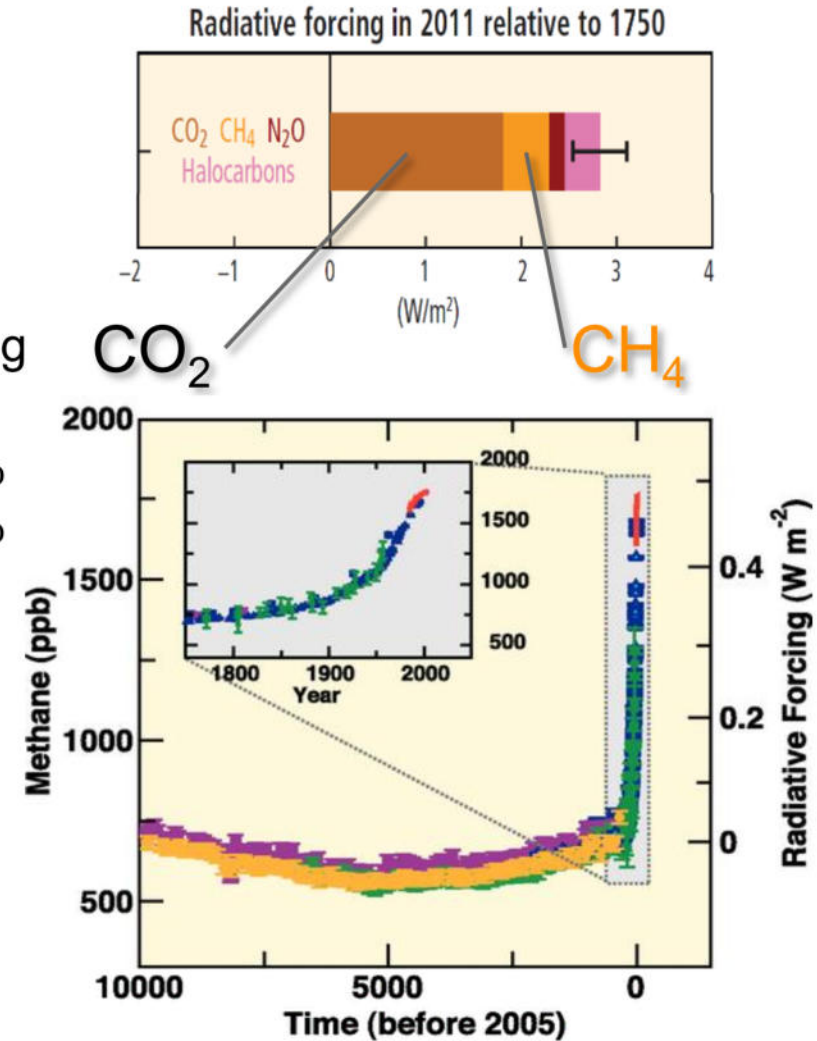
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Atmospheric Methane Lidar Mission
Knowledge for Tomorrow



Greenhouse Gas Methane (CH₄)

- CH₄ is the second-most powerful anthropogenic greenhouse gas (after CO₂)
 - greenhouse effect per molecule CH₄ **25 times** stronger than CO₂
 - 200 times less abundant, but already responsible for **20 %** of the global warming
- Rise within the last 100 years
 - CO₂: 280 ppm ↗ 370 ppm +30 %
 - CH₄: 0.7 ppm ↗ 1.8 ppm +150 %
- Methane **Sources**:
 - energy production loss
 - landfills
 - cattle farming, rice paddies
 - incomplete biomass burning
 - melting permafrost and submarine Methane hydrates
 - natural sources (wetlands, ...)



Graphics: IPCC AR5, AR4

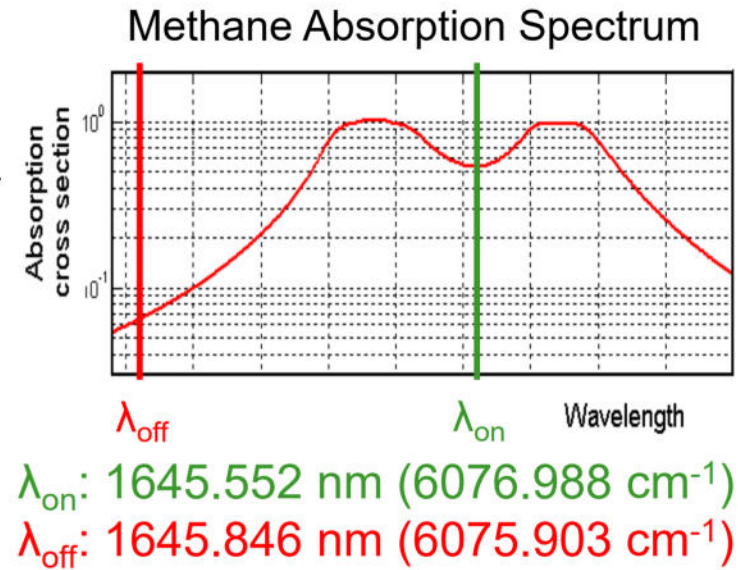
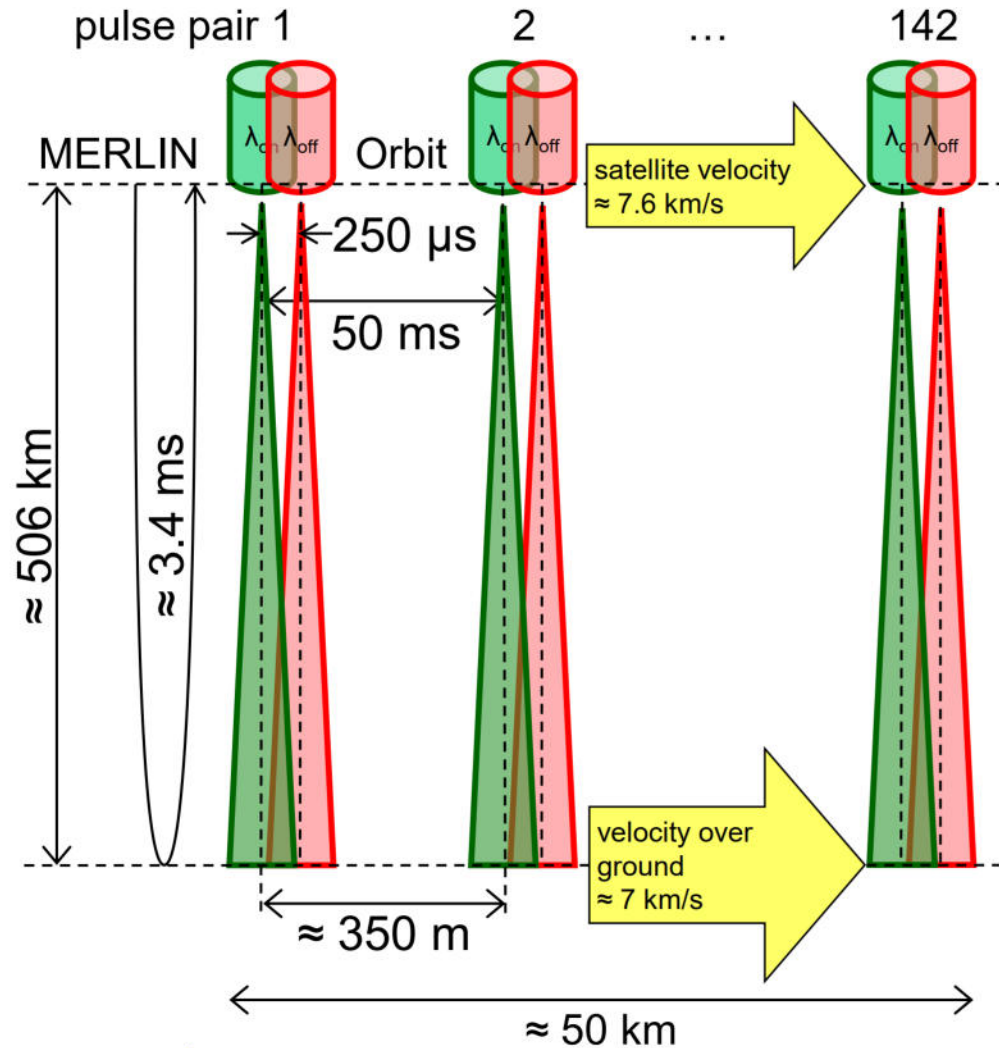
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Mission Layout

- Goal:
Global investigation of
Methane fluxes
(sources and sinks)
- IPDA Lidar
 - self-calibrating
 - **low systematic errors**
- Small satellite
- French-German
cooperation
- 3 years mission duration
- Open data policy



MERLIN „IPDA“-Lidar (Integrated Path Differential Absorption)



MERLIN Satellite — Platform and Orbit

Satellite platform: **MYRIADE Evolutions**

- Satellite mass: 430 kg
- Payload mass allocation: approx. 140 kg
- Satellite power: > 400 W
- Payload power allocation: 150 W
- Satellite GPS: 2 sensors
- Satellite star tracker: 2 opt. heads

Orbit: **Sun-synchronous polar LEO**

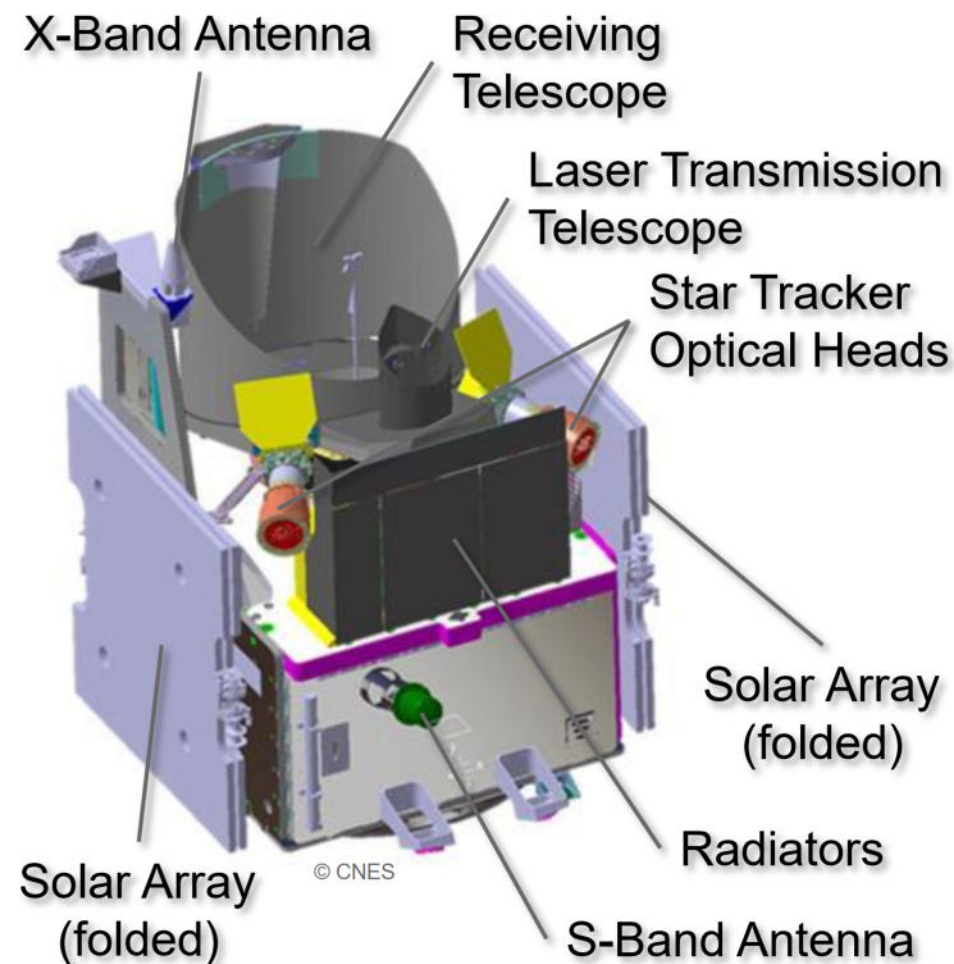
- LTAN: 06:00 or 18:00
- Altitude: approx. 500 km



MERLIN Satellite — The Payload

Payload: **Methane IPDA LIDAR** 🇩🇪

- CH₄ absorption line: 1.645 μ m
- Laser emitter type:
Nd:YAG pumped OPO
- OPO pulse energy: 9 mJ
- Laser pulse repetition frequency:
20 Hz
- Receiving telescope size: 69 cm
- Detector: APD pin diode

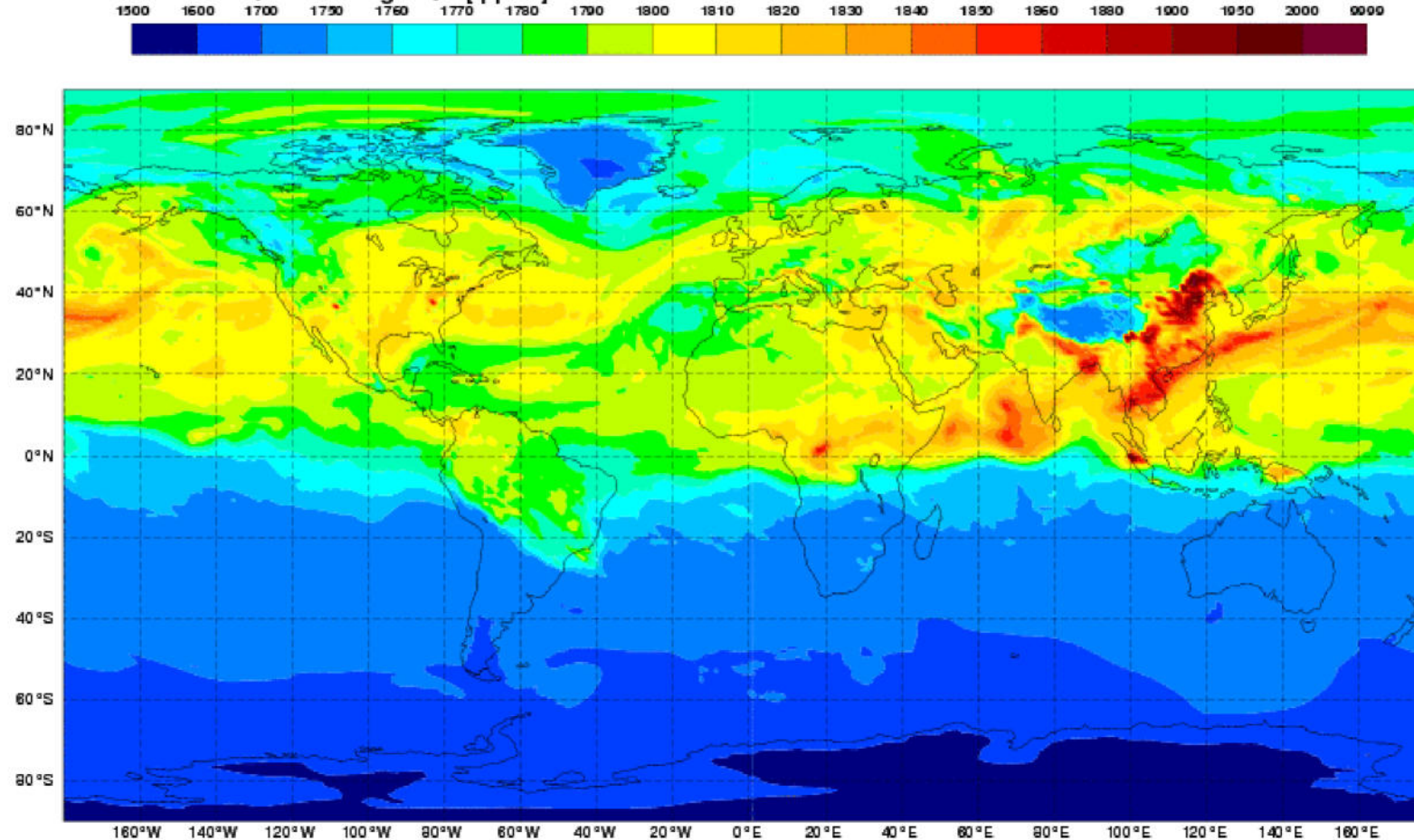


Methane Column Concentrations

Example: CAMS Model-based Forecast

Wednesday 02 December 2015 00UTC CAMS Forecast t+114 VT: Sunday 06 December 2015 18UTC

Mean Column Methane Mixing Ratio [ppbv]



MERLIN — Methane Fluxes

Expected Knowledge Improvement

